

± 15 kV _ E S D Protection, 16 Mbps , with fail - safe (Fai l - Safe)

RS-485 transceiver

product description

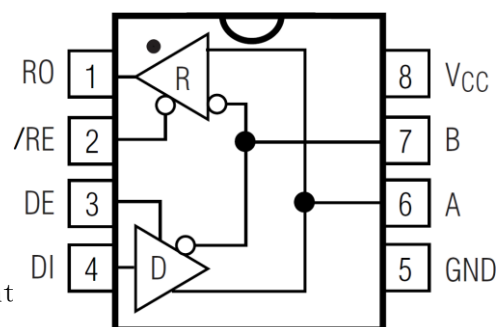
BL1590 is a 3~5.5V wide power supply, half-duplex RS-485 transceiver, the chip contains a driver and a receiver. Can achieve up to 16Mbps error-free data transmission. The BL1590 has a built-in fail-safe circuit to ensure that the output of the receiver is in a logic high state when the input of the receiver is open or shorted.

BL1590 has excellent driving capability, and the driver can provide a differential output voltage of 3.4V under the condition of 5V power supply and 54Ω load. BL1590 supports hot-swapping function, the driver and receiver are in the off state during power-on, to avoid conflicts on the bus when plugging and unplugging.

The BL1590 has a 1-unit load receiver input impedance, allowing up to 32 transceivers on the bus . The I/O pin ESD protection capability reaches ± 15KV IEC 61000-4-2 , contact discharge.

Product Features Block Diagram

- > Working voltage: 3~5.5V
- > Maximum transfer rate: 16Mbps
- > Built-in fail-safe circuit
- > Bus allows up to 32 transceivers to be attached
- > Support hot swap function
- > I/O pin ESD protection: ± 15KV IEC 61000-4-2 , cont
- > SOP8 package



Application field

- > industrial control
- > smart meter
- > Collection terminal
- > security monitor

Pin definition

serial number	name	function
1	RO	receiver output
2	/RE	Receiver output enable. RO output is valid when /RE is low level; RO is high impedance state when /RE is high level
3	DE	Driver output enable. The driver output is valid when DE is high level, and the output is high impedance state when DE is low level
4	DI	drive input
5	GND	grounding
6	A	Receiver non-inverting input and driver non-inverting output
7	B	Receiver inverting input and driver inverting output
8	V _{CC}	power supply

Driver Truth Table

enter			output	
/RE	DE	DI	A	B
x	1	1	1	0
x	1	0	0	1
0	0	x	High-Z	High-Z
1	0	x	Shutdown (High-Z)	

Receiver Truth Table

enter			output
/RE	DE	AB	RO
0	x	>-10mV	1
0	x	<-200mV	0

BL1590

0	x	open / short	1
1	1	x	High-Z
1	0	x	Shutdown (High-Z)

Limit parameter

parameters	the symbol	limit value	unit
Operating Voltage	V_{CC}	+7	V
Control input voltage	/RE, DE	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Driver input voltage	DI	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Driver output voltage	A, B	± 13	V
Receiver input voltage	A, B	± 13	V
Receiver output voltage	RO	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
range of working temperature		-40~+125	°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

($V_{CC} = +3.0V \sim +5.5V$, $T_A = -40^\circ C \sim +125^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified, the typical value is at $V_{CC} = +5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$) (Note 1)

parameter	symbol	Test Conditions	minimum value	typical value	maximum value	unit
driver						
Differential driver output (no load)	V_{OD1}	Figure 1			V_{CC}	V
Differential Driver Output	V_{OD2}	$V_{CC}=5V$ Figure 1, $R=27\Omega$	2.7	3.4		V
		$V_{CC}=3V$ Figure 1, $R=27\Omega$	1.5	1.8		
The magnitude of the differential output voltage Variation (Note 2)	ΔV_{OD}	Figure 1, $R=27\Omega$	-0.2		0.2	V
Driver Common Mode Output Voltage	$V_{OC_}$	Figure 1, $R=27\Omega$		$V_{CC}/2$	3.0	V
Amplitude variation of common mode voltage (Note 2)	ΔV_{OC}	Figure 1, $R=27\Omega$	-0.2		0.2	V

input high voltage	V_{IH}	DE,DI,RE	2.0			V
input low voltage	V_{IL}	DE,DI,RE			0.8	V
DI input hysteresis	V_{HYS}			100		mV
Input Current (A, B)	I_{IN4}	DE=GND V_{CC} =GND or V_{CC}	$V_{IN}=12V$		800	μA
			$V_{IN}=-7V$	-800		
Driver short circuit output current	I_{OSD}	A Pin Short to B Pin	-250		250	mA
receiver						
Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	$-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 12V$	-200	-125	-10	mV

Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV_{TH}			25		mV	
Receiver output high voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{CC}=5V, I_O=-8mA$	4.0			V	
		$V_{CC}=3V, I_O=-4mA$	2.45			V	
Receiver output low voltage	V_{OL}	$V_{CC}=5V, I_O=8mA$			0.4	V	
		$V_{CC}=3V, I_O=4mA$			0.4	V	
Receiver Tri-State Output Current	QUR ₋				±1	μA	
Receiver input impedance	R _{IN}	$-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 12V_{-}$	12			KΩ	
Receiver output short circuit current	OSR ₋	$0V \leq V_{RO} \leq V_{CC}$			±100	mA	
supply current							
supply current	I _{CC}	No load , /RE=DI= GND or V _{CC}	DE=V _{CC}		1.5	2	mA
			DE=GND		1.2	2	mA
Standby Mode Supply Current	I _{SHDN}	DE=GND, /RE=V _{CC} , DI=V _{CC} or GND				2	μA

Note 1 : All currents into the device are positive and all currents out of the device are negative; all voltages are to ground unless otherwise specified. Note 2 : When DI input changes state, ΔV_{OD} and ΔV_{OC} V_{OD} and V_{OC} amount of change.

transmission characteristics

($V_{CC}=+3.0V \sim +5.5V$, $T_A=-40^{\circ}C \sim +125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified, the typical value is at $V_{CC}=+5V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$)

parameter	symbol	condition	minimum value	typical value	maximum value	unit
Driver input to output delay	wxya ₋	Figures 3 and 5, R _{DIFF} =54Ω C _{L1} =C _{L2} =100pF		11	28	ns
	t _{DPHL}			16	35	
Driver output delay Difference $\frac{ T_{DPLH} - T_{DPHL} }{T_{DPLH}}$	t _{DSKEW}	Figures 3 and 5, R _{DIFF} =54Ω C _{L1} =C _{L2} =100pF		5		ns

Driver Rise or Fall Time	t_{DR}, t_{DF}	Figures 3 and 5, $R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ $C_{L1} = C_{L2} = 100pF$		6.5		ns
maximum rate	F_{MAX}		16			Mbps
Driver Enable to Output High	wxya_	Figure 4 6, $C_L = 100pF$ S2 and Closed		25	50	ns
Driver Enable to Input low level	wxya_	Figure 4 6, $C_L = 100pF$ S1 and Closed		28	80	ns
drives the output low from the to off time	Im_w	Figure 4 6, $C_L = 15pF$ S1 and Closed		twenty two	45	ns

drives the output high from the to off time	wxya ₋	Figure 4 6, C _L =15pF S2 and Closed		twenty one	80	ns
Receiver input and output delay	t _{RPLH} t _{RPHL} ₋	Figures 7 and 9, V _{ID} ≥ 2.0V; rise and fall time of V _{ID} ≤ 15ns		45	70	ns
T _{RPLH} - T _{RPHL} Difference between receiver input and output delay	t _{RSKD}	Figures 7 and 9, V _{ID} ≥ 2.0V; rise and fall time of V _{ID} ≤ 15ns		5		ns
Receiver Enable to Input out low	wxya ₋	Figure 2 8, C _{RL} =15pF S1 and Closed		12	25	ns
Receiver Enable to Input high	wxya ₋	Figure 2 8, C _{RL} =15pF S2 and Closed		8	25	ns
receiver outputs low from the to shutdown	Im _w	Figure 2 8, C _{RL} =15pF S1 and Closed		9	25	ns
Receiver output high from to shutdown	wxya ₋	Figure 2 8, C _{RL} =15pF S2 and Closed		10	25	ns
circuit off time	t _{SHDN}				500	ns
Driver Enable from Standby to Output High	t _{DZH(SHDN)}	Figures 4 and 6, C _L =100pF S2 Closed		3	5	μs
from standby to output low driver enable	t _{DZL(SHDN)}	Figure 4 6, C _L =100pF S1 and Closed		3	5	μs
Receiver Enable from Standby to Output High	t _{RZH(SHDN)}	Figure 2 8, C _{RL} =15pF S2 and Closed		3	5	μs

Receiver Enable from Standby to Output Low	$t_{RZL(SHDN)}$	Figure 2 8, $C_{RL}=15pF$ S1 and Closed	3	5	μs
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test circuit

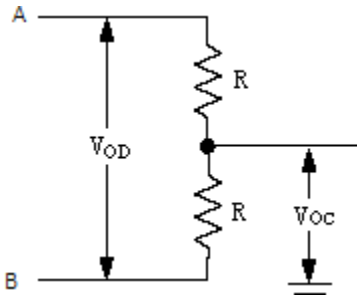


图 1: Driver DC Test Load

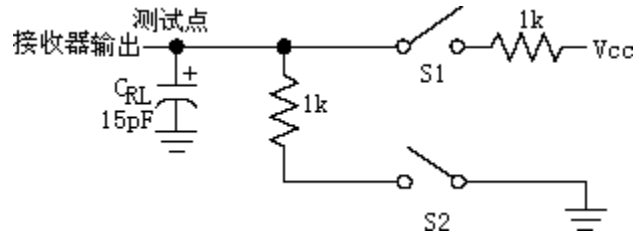


图 2: Receiver Enable/Disable Timing Test Load

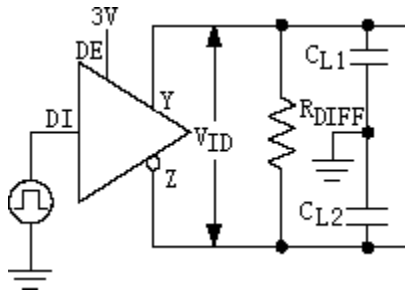


图 3: Driver Timing Test Circuit

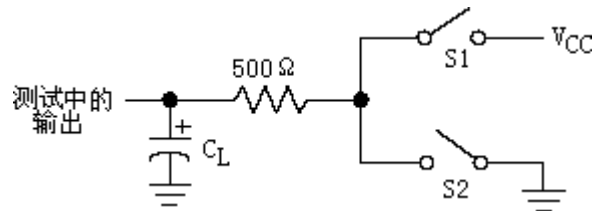


图 4: Driver Enable/Disable Timing Test Load

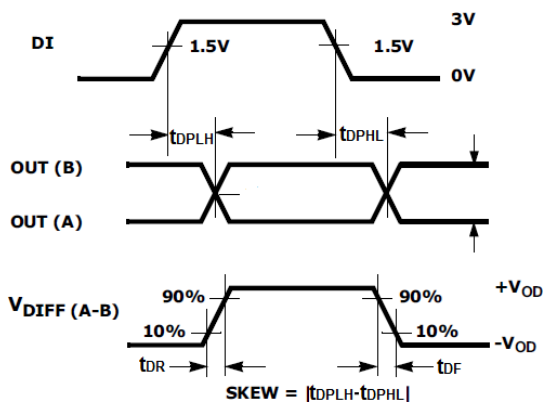


Figure 5 : Driver Propagation Delays

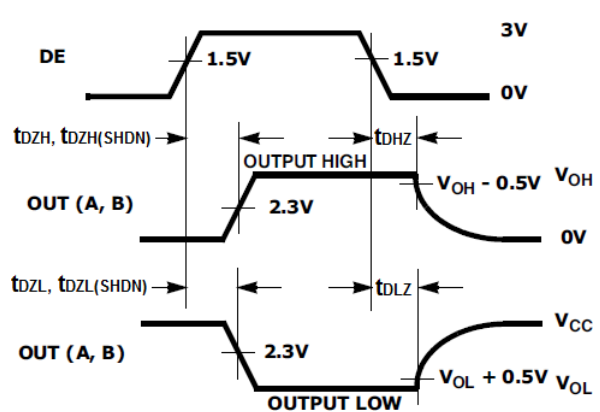


Figure 6 : Driver Enable and Disable Times

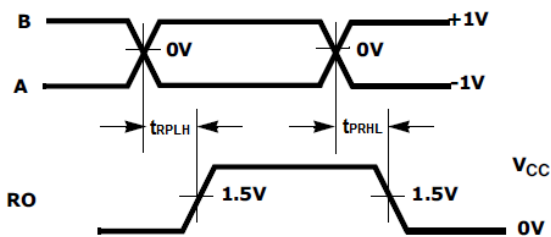


Figure 7 : Receiver Propagation Delays

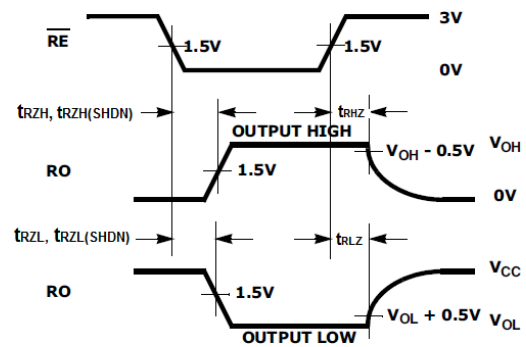


Figure 8 : Receiver Enable and Disable Times

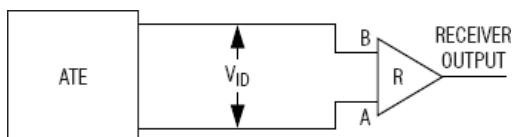


Figure 9 : Receiver Propagation Delay Test Circuit

Typical Application Diagram

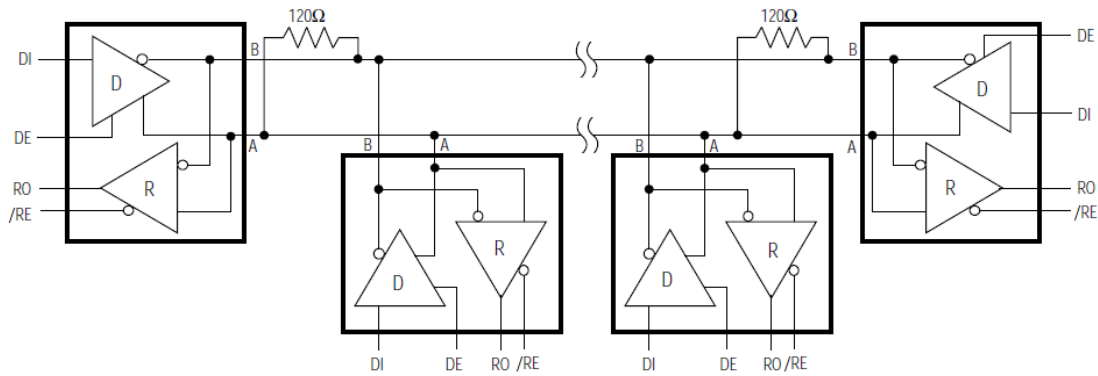
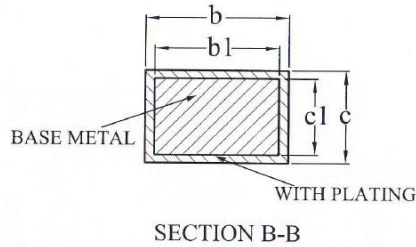
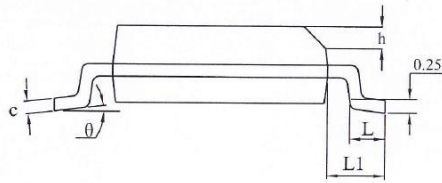
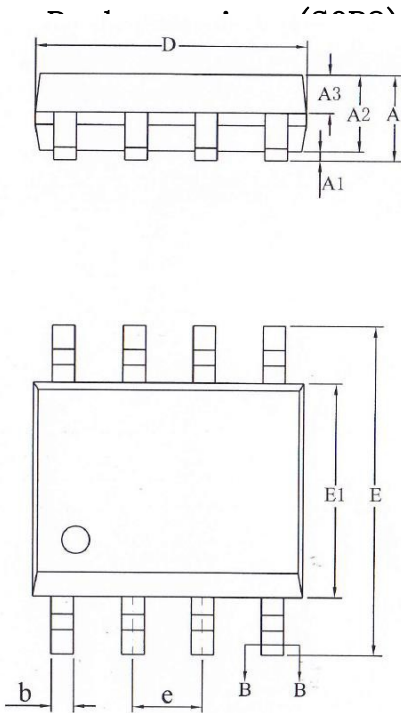


Figure 10 Typical half-duplex RS-485 network



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	—	—	1.77
A1	0.08	0.18	0.28
A2	1.20	1.40	1.60
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75
b	0.39	—	0.48
b1	0.38	0.41	0.44
c	0.20	—	0.26
c1	0.19	0.20	0.21
D	4.70	4.90	5.10
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.70	3.90	4.10
e	1.27BSC		
h	0.25	—	0.50
L	0.50	—	0.80
L1	1.05REF		
θ	0	—	8°